

Statement on principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors

Regulation (EU) 2019/2088

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Financial market participant: ATALANTE (hereafter « CAPZA ») - LEI: 969500H6SRUN2J11QM66.

A. Summary

CAPZA considers principal adverse impacts of its investment decisions on sustainability factors. The present statement is the consolidated statement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors of CAPZA.

This statement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors covers the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2024.

The potential investments are assessed using a scoring grid that includes Principal Adverse Impact ("PAI") indicators. CAPZA has defined threshold for PAI indicators. These thresholds are periodically reviewed to take into account best practices established by the market. CAPZA considers the 14 mandatory and 2 additional PAI.

If the PAI indicators of the potential investment respect the forementioned threshold, the investment is considered as not significantly harming any other sustainable investment objectives. In case of a negative Principal Adverse Impact ("PAI") identified for a potential investment, a clear and credible roadmap to limit or suppress this adverse impact needs to be integrated in the documentation of the transaction, to be considered not significantly harming any other sustainable investment objectives.

For Equity investments, third-party Due Diligence is systematically conducted if a potential investment's undertaking belongs to a High Impact Sector (Climate¹, Biodiversity², or Social³), or if the PAI thresholds are not respected. In other cases, internal Due Diligence is conducted. The Due Diligence defines areas to be monitored and improved during the period of detention and best effort to build a sustainability roadmap. Best efforts are consequently made to structure a sustainability driven transaction with the definition of the mechanisms and calendar.

For Debt investments, internal Due Diligence is systematically conducted. The Due Diligence defines areas to be monitored and improved during the period of detention and best efforts to build a sustainability roadmap. Best efforts are consequently made to structure a sustainability driven transaction with the definition of the mechanisms and calendar.

Furthermore, when the Investment is made, the underlying asset is assessed against the PAIs on an annual basis.

The data concerning those PAI indicators are disclosed by the portfolio companies and are gathered in the ESG report.

CAPZA aligns its consideration of the PAI of its investment decisions with the goals of the Paris Agreement, by regularly evaluating the climate-change risk of its portfolio as part of its annual ESG assessment. The Paris Agreement aims to limit global temperature increases to 1.5C degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and to strive for a "well below" 2C degree increase this century.

CAPZA is a signatory of UN Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) since 2011, of the France Invest charter for Diversity and Value Sharing, and of the International Climate Initiative.

The Management Company considers the 14 mandatory and 2 additional PAI.

Mandatory PAI:

- 1. GHG emissions
- 2. Carbon footprint
- 3. GHG intensity of investee companies



¹ As defined in the Regulation (EU) 2022/1288: NACE codes A to H, and L.

² As defined by the FFA, based on the ENCORE framework: NACE codes A to F, H, I, and L.

³ NACE code Q.

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- 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector
- 5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production
- 6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector
- 7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas
- 8. Emissions to water
- 9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio
- 10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- 11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- 12. Unadjusted gender pay gap
- 13. Board gender diversity
- 14. Exposure to controversial weapons

Additional PAI:

- 1. Investments in companies producing chemicals (Indicator 9, Table 2)
- 2. Rate of accidents (Indicator 2, Table 3)



B. Description of the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

			CLIMATE ANI	D OTHER ENVI	RONMENT-RELAT	ED INDICATOR	RS	
Ad	lverse Sustainability Indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Coverage 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage 2023	Explanation	Actions taken
			l.	Greenhous	e Gas Emissions			
1.	GHG Emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions (tCO2e)	16 912	72%	22 954	72%	The total GHG emissions augmented	CAPZA is committed to achieving carbon neutrality by 2050 with an alignment on a 1.5°C emissions
		Scope 2 GHG emissions (tCO2e)	11 606	73%	13 812	76%	because more companies have	trajectory, compatible with the Par Agreements. This commitment is
		Scope 3 GHG emissions (tCO2e)	2 395 543	69%	409 847	70%	- calculated their GHG emissions, - hence the uptake	materialized through an intermediary objective of 70% Aul in Equity and 50% AuM in Debt on
		Total GHG emissions (tCO2e)	2 449 743	78%	484 838	78%	in the coverage rate,	net zero trajectory by 2030. We all also committed to include a Net
2.	Carbon Footprint	Carbon Footprint (tCO2e/M€)	524,00	78%	124,00	78%	On the other	Zero alignment clause in 100% of our new Equity investments.
3.	GHG intensity of investee company	GHG Intensity of investee companies (tCO2e/M€)	616,00	78%	186,00	78%	hand, GHG intensity and Footprint have slightly decreased thanks to the ongoing decarbonation efforts of portfolio	CAPZA has two funds with decarbonization in line with the Paris Agreements as part of their investment strategy: MAIF Dette a Impact Environnemental and Flex Equity Mid Market II. We offer customized tools and



4.	Exposure to	Share of investments in	0%	100%	0%	100%	As part of our	companies measure their carbon
	companies active in	companies active in the					exclusion policy,	footprint, through three levers.
	the fossil fuel sector	fossil fuel sector					we do not invest	1) Transactional lever : it allows to
							in the extraction,	put GHG emissions reduction on the
							production and	agenda of negotiations with
							distribution of	management before the investment
							fossil fuels, coal	and to ensure an alignment of
							and non-	interests in the transaction
							conventional	2) Operational lever : linked to our
							energy.	position as investors, it allows
5.	Share of non-	Share of non-renewable	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy indicators	CAPZA to be active in the
	renewable energy	energy consumption	: 86%	: 40%	: 77%	: 63%	remained	accompaniment of companies on
	consumption and	and production	Production :	Production :	Production :	Production :	generally stable.	the subject of reducing GHG
	production		4%	9%	6%	8%		emissions by presenting pragmatic
6.	Energy consumption	NACE Code A	0	0%	0	0%	The energy	and efficient solutions to deliver
	intensity per high	(Agriculture, Forestry					consumption	their roadmap, CAPZA also provides
	impact climate	and Fishing)					intensity in the	climate training at portfolio
	sector (GWh/M€)						Construction	company level.
		NACE Code B (Mining	0	0%	0	0%	sector heavily	3) Financing lever : it allows
		and Quarrying)					decreased due to	companies to activate support and
		NACE Code C	0,09	21%	0,1	22%	the exit of	subsidies that will allow them to
		(Manufacturing)					companies from	finance and accelerate the
		NACE Code D	0	0%	0	0%	this sector.	implementation of their GHG
		(Electricity, Gas, Steam						reduction roadmap
		and Air Conditioning						
		Supply)						For each investment that has a
		NACE Code E (Water	0	0%	0	0%		medium or higher climate risk, we
		Supply; Sewerage,						inform the investment team as well
		Waste Management						as the Risk and Compliance
		and Remediation						Committee to assess potential
		Activities)						mitigation measures



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		NACE Code F	0,01	1%	0,001	1%		We are active members of the
		(Construction)						Initiative Climat International and
		NACE Code G	0,01	3%	0,02	4%		signatories of the UN-PRI.
		(Wholesale and Retail						
		Trade; Repair of Motor						We have also implemented the AXA
		Vehicles and						Altitude tool which enhances our
		Motorcycles)						climate impact assessments on all
		NACE Code H	0	0%	0	0%		strategies.
		(Transportation and						
		Storage)						
		NACE Code L (Real	0	1%	0	0%		
		Estate Activities)						
				Bio	diversity			
7.	Activities negatively	Share of investments in	0%	74%	0%	75%	Data availability	CAPZA measures the impacts of its
	affecting	investee companies					was improved for	investments on biodiversity - as well
	biodiversity-	with sites/operations					this indicator due	as the dependencies - by leveraging
	sensitive areas	located in or near to					to an	yearly collected environmental
		biodiversity sensitive					improvement of	metrics.
		areas where activities of					awareness on	
		those investee					biodiversity topics	For each investment that has a
		companies negatively					from our portfolio	medium or higher biodiversity risk,
		affect those areas					companies	impact, dependance, we inform the
								investment team as well as the Risk
								and Compliance Committee to
								assess potential mitigation
								measures.
								We have also implemented the AXA
								Altitude tool which enhances our
								biodiversity impact assessments.
								We help our portfolio companies to



8. Emissions to water Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average expressed as a weighted average 9. Hazardous waste Tonnes of hazardous O,48 56% O,24 57% Data availability Data availability was improved for this indicator was improved for th									implement responsible sourcing policies in order to raise awareness of declining biodiversity. We provide them with examples of sustainable procurement policies to facilitate the implementation of these new practices.
8. Emissions to water									practices.
9. Hazardous waste ratio waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS Waste 0,48 56% 0,24 57% Data availability was improved for this indicator commitments, 100% of our portfolion companies (equity) have low to medium biodiversity risk, as assessed by a third party	8.	Emissions to water	water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted	0,01			71%	was improved for	primary focus of our biodiversity strategy. In particular, for each investment that has a medium or higher water risk, impact, dependance, we inform the investment team as well as the Risk and Compliance Committee to assess potential mitigation
ratio waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average was improved for this indicator was indicato					V	Vaste			incasures
SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS	9.		waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted	0,48			57%	was improved for	commitments, 100% of our portfolio companies (equity) have low to medium biodiversity risk, as
Social and employee matters			<u> </u>	YEE, RESPECT F	OR HUMAN RIG	HTS, ANTI-COR	RUPTION AND	ANTI-BRIBERY MATTE	ERS
JULIAI AIIU CIIIDIUVEE IIIALLEIS					Social and er	nplovee matter	'S		

10	Violetiene ef IIN	Chana of increasing	00/	700/	00/	700/	Data availability	NA/a a dla qua ta a und invaria da de a
10.	Violations of UN	Share of investments in	0%	79%	0%	79%	Data availability	We adhere to and promote the
	Global Compact	investee companies that					was improved for	respect of OECD guidelines for
	principles and	have been involved in					these indicators	Multinational Entreprises, and our
	Organisation for	violations of the UNGC						goal is that investee companies put
	Economic	principles or OECD						in place the necessary processes to
	Cooperation and	Guidelines for						ensure the respect of these norms.
	Development	Multinational						
	(OECD) Guidelines	Enterprises						
	for Multinational							
	Enterprises							
11.	Lack of processes	Share of investments in	5%	79%	10%	80%		
	and compliance	investee companies						
	mechanisms to	without policies to						
	monitor compliance	monitor compliance						
	with UN Global	with the UNGC						
	Compact principles	principles or OECD						
	and OECD	Guidelines for						
	Guidelines for	Multinational						
	Multinational	Enterprises or grievance						
	Enterprises	/complaints handling						
		mechanisms to address						
		violations of the UNGC						
		principles or OECD						
		Guidelines for						
		Multinational						
		Enterprises						
12.	Unadjusted gender	Average unadjusted	19%	49%	17%	51%	Portfolio	CAPZA promotes inclusion and
	pay gap	gender pay gap of					companies have	diversity. In this context, gender
		investee companies					pursued their	diversity is an important part of our
13.	Board gender	Average ratio of female	17%	76%	17%	77%	efforts to reduce	strategy.
	diversity	to male board members					the gender pay	
	,	in investee companies					gap and increase	As part of our strategy, we aim to
	1			l	I	1		<u> </u>



14.	Exposure to controversial weapons (antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	0%	100%	0%	100%	board gender diversity.	promote and increase board diversity within 2 years after investing for equity investments. Controversial weapons are part of CAPZA's exclusion policy.
I	, ,	INDICATO	ORS APPLICABL	E TO INVESTME	NTS IN SOVEREI	GNS AND SUPF	RANATIONALS	
				Fnvir	onmental			
15.	GHG Intensity	GHG intensity of investee countries	0		0		No underlying investments in this asset class	No underlying investments in this asset class
				9	ocial		•	
16.	Investee countries subject to social violations	Number of investee countries subject to social violations (absolute number), as referred to in international treaties and conventions, United Nations principles and, where applicable, national law	0		0		No underlying investments in this asset class	No underlying investments in this asset class
		Number of investee countries subject to social violations (relative number	0		0		No underlying investments in this asset class	No underlying investments in this asset class



		divided by all investee						
		countries), as referred						
		to in international						
		treaties and						
		conventions, United						
İ		Nations principles and,						
		where applicable,						
		national law						
		ı	NDICATORS AP	PPLICABLE TO IN	VESTMENTS IN	REAL ESTATE AS	SSETS	
				Fos	sil Fuels			
17 .	Exposure to fossil	Share of investments in	0		0		No underlying	No underlying investments in this
	fuels through real	real estate assets					investments in	asset class
	estate assets	involved in the					this asset class	
		extraction, storage,						
		transport or						
		manufacture of fossil						
		fuels						
				Energy	efficiency	•	•	
18.	Exposure to energy-	Share of investments in	0		0		No underlying	No underlying investments in this
	inefficient real	energy-inefficient real					investments in	asset class
	estate assets	estate assets					this asset class	

C. Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

	Additional climate and other environment-related indicators												
	INDICATORS APPLICABLE TO INVESTMENTS IN INVESTEE COMPANIES												
	Adverse Sustainability Indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Coverage 2024	Impact 2023	Coverage 2023	Explanation	Actions taken					
	Water, waste, and material emissions												
companies producing chemicalsinvestee companies the activities of which fall under Division 20.2 ofpotential to contaminate ground freshwater supplies. Therefore, as biodiversity commitments and or													
	Adverse Sustainability	Metric	Impact	Coverage	Impact	Coverage	Explanation	Actions taken					
	Indicator		2024	2024	2023	2023							
				Social an	d employe	e matters							
2.	Rate of accidents	Rate of accidents in investee companies expressed as a weighted average	0,08	67%	0,07	64%	Portfolio companies have pursued efforts to reduce accident rates within their staff.	Promoting inclusion in our portfolio companies is part of CAPZA's sustainability strategy. We believe that inclusive workplaces should prioritize employee well-being, which includes both physical and mental health. Therefore, we have chosen to monitor and reduce this indicator as part of our efforts.					



Description of policies to identify and prioritize principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

<u>Description of the policies and responsibilities of implementation</u>

CAPZA (LEI 969500H6SRUN2J11QM66) considers principal adverse impacts of its investment decisions on sustainability factors, both at entity level and at product level, including Article 6 funds.

Our policies for identifying and prioritizing the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors, the way they are maintained and applied, and the division of responsibilities for their implementation are described throughout this section, complementary information is also available in our SFDR information document available on our website.

PAIs are an integral part of our sustainability policy. They are managed through our investment and risk management policy (in the pre-investment, holding and exit phases), monitored via our ESG governance, are the subject of commitments, as described in the following section, and are integrated into our policies for alignment with international climate and biodiversity objectives.

Through the lifecycle of the financial product, CAPZA monitors the PAI, through internal and external control mechanisms as laid out in CAPZA's ESG Procedure.

The potential investments are assessed using a scoring grid that includes Principal Adverse Impact ("PAI") indicators. CAPZA has defined threshold for PAI indicators. These thresholds are periodically reviewed to take into account best practices established by the market. CAPZA considers the 14 mandatory and 2 additional PAI.

If the PAI indicators of the potential investment respect the forementioned thresholds, the investment is considered as not significantly harming any other sustainable investment objectives. In case of a negative Principal Adverse Impact ("PAI") identified for a potential investment, a clear and credible roadmap to limit or suppress this adverse impact needs to be integrated in the documentation of the transaction, to be considered not significantly harming any other sustainable investment objectives.

For Equity investments, third-party Due Diligence is systematically conducted if ESG stakes are identified as significant. In other cases, internal Due Diligence is conducted. Due Diligence defines areas to be monitored and improved during the period of detention and best effort to build a sustainability roadmap. Best efforts are consequently made to structure a sustainability driven transaction with the definition of the mechanisms and calendar.

For Debt investments, internal Due Diligence is systematically conducted by deal teams with the help of the Sustainability team. The Due Diligence defines areas to be monitored and improved during the period of detention and best efforts to build a sustainability roadmap. Best efforts are consequently made to structure a sustainability driven transaction with the definition of the mechanisms and calendar.

Furthermore, when the Investment is made, the underlying asset is assessed against the PAIs on an annual basis.

PAI data is systematically collected. We prioritize PAIs relating to our three main objectives, namely:

- Combating climate change, with a commitment to achieving climate neutrality by 2050;
- Preserving and restoring biodiversity, with a focus on water.
- Diversity and inclusion, notably through the pursuit of gender parity and the development of value-sharing mechanisms.

During the annual reporting period, which runs from December to the end of March, CAPZA and Cority, our service provider, collect the responses to the ESG questionnaire completed by each of the holdings, before analyzing the responses and producing ESG reports, which highlight potential principal adverse impacts. ESG committees held with the presence of Sustainability and Investment teams, as well as Cority, allow for discussions of actions and priorities to ameliorate PAIs.

During the holding period, at least two "Bilateral ESG Reviews" per year are organized with the portfolio company, in addition to the board meetings. First, in March or April, Cority conducts an interview with the management of each portfolio company to ensure a good understanding of the company's context, the consistency and reliability of the PAI

data, the ESG issues and the company's level of maturity. Later in June, CAPZA and Cority share the results of the ESG and PAI analysis with the company and discuss relevant actions for the coming year.

The annual questionnaire and ESG review are a good opportunity to establish a constructive dialogue with the management company and to measure progress against the sustainability roadmap. Finally, exceeding a threshold set for a given PAI and participation leads us to prioritize, on a case-by-case basis, an action on the PAI in question.

The Compliance and Sustainability teams ensure that ESG processes, including principal adverse impacts processes, are correctly applied within CAPZA. Thus, compliance verification is articulated at several levels. The purpose of the checks carried out by the Compliance team is to ensure that the ESG compliance processes are effective and comply with the applicable legal and regulatory requirements. They also ensure that the investments are ESG compliant and that the ESG performance of investments is adequately monitored and reported. Finally, these audits help to build investor confidence in the Fund and its responsible management of ESG issues.

Data sources and limitations

PAI data is collected via our service provider CORITY.

CAPZA uses a combination of actual data directly from Portfolio Companies, third party data providers, research and information obtained through questionnaires provided by various stakeholders.

Sustainability criteria are determined either based on actual data collected through questionnaires (such as GHG emissions, EPC performance, gender pay gap...) or from third party data providers in cases where actual data is not available.

CAPZA performs quality control of the actual data obtained through questionnaires, in addition to the automatic checks performed by the data collection system.

These methodologies and data sources may be subject to change to reflect, but not be limited to, improvements in, for example, data availability and reliability, or changes in regulation or other external frameworks or initiatives.

CAPZA relies on ESG information and data collected directly from Portfolio Companies as well as from third party data providers. These data are not yet systematically published by the issuers, may be incomplete and, once published, may follow different methodologies. CAPZA may change third party data providers at any time and at its own discretion. These changes may result in changes in the data used for the same instruments or investments in the future.

However, CAPZA carries out reviews on the data or methodologies of the third party suppliers, used in the framework of monitoring PAI that it considers.

E. Engagement policies

Our engagement and voting policies aim to support holdings in making progress on all ESG aspects, in particular those we have identified as priorities, i.e.:

- Combating climate change, with a commitment to achieving climate neutrality by 2050;
- Preserving and restoring biodiversity, with a focus on water.
- Diversity and inclusion, notably through the pursuit of gender parity and the development of value-sharing mechanisms.

We also engage companies on issues deemed material, on a case-by-case basis.

1) Scope and objectives of our engagement policy

i) Cross-functional engagement policy

Our engagement policy is based above all on ongoing dialogue and the building of a relationship of trust with our portfolio companies.



Once the quality of the data has been verified and the annual report has been submitted, an annual ESG meeting is organized with the company's management and a member of the investment team.

The elements of this ESG report are also used by CAPZA's investment teams, who are responsible for discussing these ESG issues at the Supervisory Board or Board of Directors meetings of portfolio companies.

To support companies in their sustainable transformation, CAPZA teams can also provide access to useful resources and external experts.

Finally, we take care to animate our community of companies through events such as sustainability trophies, lunches and meetings between ESG managers from different companies.

ii) Climate-specific engagement policy

We have developed a specific climate engagement policy.

When we represent a significant part of the balance sheet, we have several tools at our disposal to accelerate the environmental and social transition of our companies. These levers can be activated to varying degrees depending on our position: majority shareholder, minority shareholder, unitranche lender, pool of lenders. They can be grouped into three categories:

- The transactional lever enables us to put sustainability on the agenda for negotiations with management prior to investment, and to ensure alignment of interests in the drafting of transaction documentation on the subject;
- The operational lever, linked to our position in corporate governance, enables us to play an active role in supporting companies about sustainability, presenting them with pragmatic and effective solutions for delivering their roadmap.
- The financing lever consists of informing companies about the support and subsidies they can take advantage of to finance and accelerate the implementation of their decarbonization roadmap.

Our shareholder engagement policy is set out in greater detail in our dedicated document.

2) Presentation of our voting policy

Aligning the financial and non-financial performance of our investments is one of the key principles of our policy.

In order to raise companies' awareness of extra-financial issues, we ensure that major ESG issues are discussed annually by the committees of the management bodies.

Our voting policy is systematically applied as soon as our shareholding reaches 5%, and we are committed to actively monitoring our voting policy.

As we are generally the reference (and/or majority) shareholder, we are consulted ahead of the general meetings of our portfolio companies. his is why our votes are almost exclusively positive.

You can find the annual report on our voting policy on our website.

3) Assessment of our engagement strategy

The response rate to our ESG questionnaires was 78% (113/145). We were able to organize debrief meeting calls with 62% of them (70/113).

4) Assessment of voting policy, particularly regarding ESG resolutions

As previously explained, as we are generally the reference shareholder, we are consulted ahead of General Meetings on the content of resolutions put to the vote. We therefore have the opportunity to reach agreement with our shareholders on the content of these resolutions. As a result, our positive voting rate is 100%.

To date, we have not had to vote on any climate-related resolutions tabled by other shareholders.



5) Investment strategy and sectoral disengagement

We do not have the option of divesting our debt financing as part of our engagement policy.

For equity investments, we apply an escalation policy in the event of a deviation. If we have the possibility of selling our shares in a company, we do not apply an escalation policy.

Nevertheless, we also engage companies on a case-by-case basis, on all material subjects. All PAIs are therefore subject to engagement.

F. References to international standards

Through its ESG policy, in particular the due diligence carried out, and its exclusion policy, CAPZA complies with codes of conduct relating to responsible corporate behavior and internationally recognized standards of due diligence and disclosure. We have been a UN PRI signatory since 2011.

As part of the PRI, we track our share of investments in companies:

- Which have been involved in violations of the principles of the UN Global Compact or the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises;
- Which do not have a policy for monitoring compliance with the principles of the UN Global Compact or the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, or mechanisms for handling complaints or disputes to remedy such violations.

CAPZA aligns its consideration of the PAI of its investment decisions with the goals of the Paris Agreement, by regularly evaluating the climate-change impact of its portfolio as part of its annual ESG assessment. The Paris Agreement aims to limit global temperature increases to "well below" 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and to strive for a 1.5 degree increase this century.

G. Historical comparison

Compared to last year, we have enhanced our coverage of Principal Adverse Impacts Indicators, thereby providing a clearer overview and representation of our portfolio companies.

The total GHG emissions increased because more companies have calculated their GHG emissions, leading to a higher coverage rate. On the other hand, GHG intensity and Footprint have slightly decreased due to the ongoing decarbonization efforts of portfolio companies.





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